

Applied Science Lab #1
Bounce Back Height

Name: _____

Background:

- Data Collection
- Graphing

Objective:

Be able to predict how high a ball will bounce from a given height.

Requirements and Other Information:

1. On competition day, you will be dropping your ball onto a tile floor.
2. You may NOT drop your ball from a height greater than 3 meters.
 - a. If you do this, you will receive a "0" for the lab
3. You must record and graph data to accomplish this goal.
 - a. Must be in a typed table
 - b. Graph MUST be labeled, titled, etc.
4. You will get **ONE** drop on the competition day
 - a. So...Practice, Practice, Practice ☺

Question:

1. Why did you choose your bounce back height? (i.e. why 250 cm and not 300 cm?)

Data Collection

When collecting data think about

- WHAT type of data would be useful and HOW it is going to be useful
- WHAT measurements you should be using (m, cm, mm...)
- HOW you are going to record the data
 - 1 person, 2 people...
- WHAT you are going to DO with the data
 - Find and average, max and min, ...

How to collect data

- You should always collect more than once
 - For Example - You should measure the mass 2 or more times, measure the length 2 or more times, measure the temperature 2 or more times...
- You record ALL data, even if it seems wrong
- You get rid of "outliers"
 - Figure out WHY you had the outlier

How to report data

- Data needs to be reported in a data TABLE
 - The Table must have...
 - Title for the entire table as well as each column
 - Measurement labels IN the column titles
 - Same number of decimal places (if applicable)

Graphing

- When making a graph the...
 - Dependent variable is always on the vertical axis (y-axis)
 - Independent variable is on the horizontal axis (x-axis).
- A graph should ALWAYS have a **TITLE** and **LABELED AXIS**
- When making a graph, you should make it large enough to use
 - i.e. don't make a graph in the corner of a page, use most of the page

Place the following data into a data table and then graph the data.

Assume I retraced my path home.

On Monday morning I walked 6 blocks North to the post office and then 3 blocks North to city hall and then returned home. In the afternoon, I walked 10 blocks East to the grocery store and back home.

On Tuesday morning I walked 6 blocks North to the post office, 14 blocks North to the restaurant, and 4 blocks North to the mechanic before returning home. That afternoon I walked 30 blocks East to the park and then returned home.

On Wednesday morning I walked to the post office and back home. In the afternoon I walked 8 blocks Northwest to the football field and 4 more blocks Northwest to the card store before going back home.

On Thursday morning I walked to the post office and then an additional 22 blocks North to the hardware store before going home. In the afternoon I walked 17 blocks West to the zoo and then 5 blocks West to the ice cream store before going back home.

On Friday morning I walked 9 blocks Southeast to the recycling center and then went home. In the afternoon I walked to the post office, the 14 blocks to the restaurant, and 3 blocks to the city hall. That afternoon I walked 1 block Southeast to the fire hydrant and back home.

Rebound Height Score Sheet

Graph

- Neat..... 1 ___
- Labeled Axis (cm) 1 ___
- Independent Variable on X (Drop)..... 1 ___
- Dependent Variable on Y (Rebound) 1 ___
- Title 1 ___
- Makes Sense 1 ___

Data

- In a Table..... 1 ___
- Neat..... 1 ___
- Title 1 ___
- Labeled Columns..... 1 ___
- Makes Sense 1 ___

Lab Report Format 10 ___

- Title, names, date, class, problem 1 ___
- Hypothesis (Well thought out)..... 1 ___
- Procedure..... 2 ___
 - Easy to follow, numbered, followed my sug.
- Observations 1 ___
 - Data Table, Graph, Other Ob are present
- Conclusion..... 2
 - Supported/Not Supported AND why
- Question:..... 3 ___
 - Well thought out and explains

Drop Height 9 ___
 (ranked from best to worst with pts distributed accordingly)

$$Score = \frac{(Actual Height - |Predicted Height|)}{Actual Height} * 100$$

$$\left(\frac{(\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - |\underline{\hspace{2cm}}|)}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}} \right) * 100 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Total / 30

Applied Physics – Rebound Height

___ Day	Today	Assignments
___ Day 1	Intro to Rebound Height Lab Graphing Assignment	
___ Day 2	Work on Graphing Assignment	Finish Assignment
___ Day 3	Come up with a procedure for the lab Start the lab	
___ Day 4	Work on Lab - Collect Data	
___ Day 5	Work on Lab - Collect Data - Create Data Table/Graph	
___ Day 6	Work on Lab - Create Data Table/Graph	
___ Day 7	Testing Day	